ANNUAL REPORT

(Year Ending December 31, 2022)

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 (the "DISTRICT")

Pursuant to Ordinance No. 92-15 adopted by the Town Council of the Town of Castle Rock, Section 11.02.040 of the Castle Rock Municipal Code, the District hereby submits the following information and attachments:

A. Progress of the District in the Implementation of its Service Plan. The District initially issued bonds in 2007 to reimburse M.D.C. Land Corporation and M.D.C. Holdings, Inc. (collectively, "MDC") for a portion of the verified capital improvement costs incurred by MDC for construction of public improvements. A summary of the verified capital improvement costs incurred by MDC for construction of public improvements was attached to the 2007 Annual Report.

In 2021, the District issued its 2021 Bonds, which refunded or exchanged the 2007 Bonds in part (see 2022 Audit, attached as **Exhibit A**, for more information).

As of December 31, 2022, over the life of the project, the Builder has delivered 1,238 residential units to homeowners. The development of public infrastructure in the District has been completed.

- **B. 2022 District Audit.** A copy of the 2022 Audit is attached as **Exhibit A**.
- C. Capital Improvements Expenditures. The District has no immediate plans to incur additional debt for the construction or acquisition of any additional public improvements, or to provide reimbursement for costs incurred on its behalf for public improvements unless and until it seeks the Town's approval to incur such additional debt. Provided however, the District may accept the dedication of public improvements constructed by MDC for operation and maintenance.
- **D. Financial Obligations of the District.** Please refer to the attached 2022 Audit for the District.
- E. 2023 Adopted Budget. The 2023 Budget for the District is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.
- F. 2022 Development Summary: As of December 31, 2022, over the life of the project, the Builder has delivered 1,238 residential units to homeowners. The development of public infrastructure in the District has been completed.
- **G.** Fees, Charges and Assessments imposed by the District. On June 3, 2005, There were no material modifications to the District's Service Plan the District adopted Resolution 2005-06-01 regarding the Imposition of System Development Fees, at a rate of \$2,000 per

Residential Unit as contemplated in the Service Plan. No new fees were adopted or imposed by the District in 2022.

- H. District Certification Pursuant to Section 11.02.060 of the Castle Rock Municipal Code. There were no material modifications to the District's Service Plan in 2022, and the Board of Directors of the District hereby certify that no action, event or condition enumerated in Section 11.02.030 of the Castle Rock Municipal Code occurred in 2022.
- I. **District Directors, General Counsel and Administrator.** A list of the District's Board of Directors, General Counsel, District Manager and Financial Consultant is attached hereto as **Exhibit C**.

The District scheduled regular meetings during 2023 as follows: June 12, 2023 and October 19, 2023 at 1:30 p.m. at the Philip S. Miller Library, 100 S. Wilcox Street, Castle Rock, CO 80104-1911.

EXHIBIT A

2022 Audited Financial Statements for the District

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
The Villages at Castle Rock Metropolitan District No. 6
Douglas County, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the The Villages at Castle Rock Metropolitan District No. 6 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
 aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going
 concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The Other Information and the Annual Disclosure, as listed on the table of contents, does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Daysio o Associates, P.C.

June 20, 2023



THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 578,293
Cash and Investments - Restricted	629,380
Receivable - County Treasurer	19,374
Prepaid Expense	11,057
Property Taxes Receivable	3,160,008
Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	2,065,418_
Total Assets	6,463,530
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	5,398
Fire Protection IGA Payable	425,711
Accrued Interest Payable	109,055
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	501,277
Due in More Than One Year	61,343,559_
Total Liabilities	62,385,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	3,160,008_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,160,008
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	19,500
Debt Service	520,199
Unrestricted	(59,621,177)
Total Net Position	\$ (59,081,478)

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Revenues

			Program Revenues		Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	\$ 533,657 3,249,780	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ (533,657) (3,249,780)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 3,783,437	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(3,783,437)
GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Fire Protection IGA Net Investment Income Total General Revenues					
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			(454,547)
	Net Position - Begi	nning of Year - Rest	ated		(58,626,931)
	NET POSITION - E	END OF YEAR			\$ (59,081,478)

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS		Debt General Service			Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Accounts Receivable - County Treasurer Prepaid Expenses Property Taxes Receivable	\$	578,293 19,500 - 11,057 657,468	\$	609,880 19,374 - 2,502,540	\$	578,293 629,380 19,374 11,057 3,160,008
Total Assets	\$	1,266,318	\$	3,131,794	\$	4,398,112
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Fire Protection IGA Payable Total Liabilities	\$	5,398 425,711 431,109	\$	- - -	\$	5,398 425,711 431,109
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		657,468 657,468		2,502,540 2,502,540		3,160,008 3,160,008
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid Expenses Restricted For:		11,057		-		11,057
Emergency Reserves Debt Service Unassigned Total Fund Balances		19,500 - 147,184 177,741		629,254 - 629,254		19,500 629,254 147,184 806,995
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,266,318	\$	3,131,794		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of no position are different because:	et					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital Assets						2,065,418
Long-term liabilities including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not recorded as liabilities in the funds.						
Bonds Payable 2021 Bonds Payable 2007 Bond Discount Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Interest Payable - 2021B Subordinate Bonds						(56,954,000) (4,492,518) 553,116 (109,055) (951,434)
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	(59,081,478)

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General		Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	216,099	\$ 2,405,782	\$	2,621,881	
Specific Ownership Taxes		-	270,074		270,074	
Net Investment Income		202	4,536		4,738	
Fire Protection IGA		432,197	-		432,197	
Total Revenues		648,498	2,680,392		3,328,890	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		32,341	-		32,341	
Audit		4,900	-		4,900	
Legal		16,110	-		16,110	
Management		15,231	-		15,231	
Election		1,418	-		1,418	
Pond Maintenance		12,819	-		12,819	
Insurance and Bonds		9,978	-		9,978	
County Treasurer's Fees		9,727	36,098		45,825	
Fire Protection IGA		425,712	-		425,712	
Miscellaneous		5,421	-		5,421	
Debt Service:						
Bond Interest Series 2007		-	478,567		478,567	
Bond Interest Series 2021A		-	1,206,356		1,206,356	
Bond Interest Series 2021B		-	969,088		969,088	
Paying Agent Fees		-	5,302		5,302	
Total Expenditures		533,657	2,695,411		3,229,068	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		114,841	(15,019)		99,822	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		62,900	644,273		707,173	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	177,741	\$ 629,254	\$	806,995	

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

99,822

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Interest Paid - 2021B Bonds Accreted Bonds Payable - Change in Liability 969,088

94,622

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in Accrued Bond Interest Payable Amortization of Bond Discount

(1,595,017)

(23,062)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (454,547)

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	а	Original nd Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	216,098	\$ 216,099	\$	1	
Net Investment Income		100	202		102	
Fire Protection IGA		432,197	 432,197		-	
Total Revenues		648,395	648,498		103	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		36,000	32,341		3,659	
Audit		4,900	4,900		-	
Legal		28,000	16,110		11,890	
District Management		28,000	15,231		12,769	
Election		10,000	1,418		8,582	
Detention Pond Maintenance		13,000	12,819		181	
Insurance and Bonds		10,200	9,978		222	
County Treasurer's Fees		9,724	9,727		(3)	
Fire Protection IGA		425,714	425,712		2	
Miscellaneous		3,500	5,421		(1,921)	
Contingency		8,962	-		8,962	
Total Expenditures		578,000	533,657		44,343	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		70,395	114,841		44,446	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		24,519	 62,900		38,381	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	94,914	\$ 177,741	\$	82,827	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

The Villages at Castle Rock Metropolitan District No. 6 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by Order and Decree of the Douglas County District Court on August 15, 1984, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Second Amended and Restated Service Plan approved by the Town of Castle Rock on April 27, 2004. The District's service area is located in Douglas County, Colorado. The District was established to provide construction, installation, financing and operation of public improvements, including water, sanitary, storm sewer, streets, parks and recreation facilities, safety, transportation, television relay, fire protection, and mosquito control primarily for single-family, residential development within the District.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources of the District is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank or investment account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amortization

In the government-wide financial, bond discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 578,293
Cash and Investments - Restricted	629,380
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,207,673

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 1,141,905
Investments	65,768
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,207,673

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$1,141,905 and a carrying balance of \$1,141,905.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
U.S. Treasury Money Market Fund	Weighted-Average	
	Under 60 Days	\$ 65,768
Total Investments		\$ 65,768

First American Government Obligation Fund

The debt service money that is included in the trust accounts at U.S. Bank is invested in the First American Government Obligation Fund. This portfolio is a money market mutual fund which invests in U.S. Government Securities, which are fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, with maturities of 43 days or less and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Government Securities. The Fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022 follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2022
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Detention Ponds	\$ 2,065,418	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,065,418
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	\$ 2,065,418	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,065,418

During 2020, the remaining capital assets constructed and/or acquired by the District were conveyed to the Town of Castle Rock. The costs of all capital assets transferred to the Town were removed from the District's financial records. It is anticipated that any future capital improvements, with the exception of the detention ponds, will be transferred to the Town.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District's outstanding long-term obligations at December 31, 2022, were as follows:

	Balance at ecember 31, 2021	A	Additions	Re	eductions	Balance at ecember 31, 2022	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable:							
2007 Bonds - Accreted Value	\$ 4,587,140	\$	383,945	\$	478,567	4,492,518	\$ 478,215
2021A Bonds	29,245,000		-		-	29,245,000	-
2021B Bonds	27,709,000		-		-	27,709,000	-
2021B Bonds Accrued Interest	326,145		1,594,377		969,088	951,434	-
Subtotal Bonds Payable	61,867,285		1,978,322		1,447,655	62,397,952	478,215
Series 2021A Bond Discount	(576,178)				23,062	(553,116)	23,062
Subtotal Bond Discount	(576,178)				23,062	(553,116)	23,062
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 61,291,107	\$	1,978,322	\$	1,470,717	\$ 61,844,836	\$ 501,277

Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A (the 2021A Senior Bonds) and Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021B (the 2021B Subordinate Bonds, and together with the Senior Bonds, the 2021 Bonds)

Proceeds of the 2021 Bonds

The District issued the 2021 Bonds on July 15, 2021, in the par amounts of \$29,245,000 for the 2021A Senior Bonds and \$27,709,000 for the 2021B Subordinate Bonds.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Proceeds of the 2021 Bonds (Continued)

Net proceeds from the sale of the 2021A Senior Bonds were used to: (i) purchase and cancel a portion of the accreted value of the District's outstanding 2007 Senior Bonds (discussed below); (ii) refund the 2007 Subordinate Obligations which were satisfied in full pursuant to the Waiver and Release of Obligations that the District entered into in 2021 concurrent with the issuance of the 2021 Bonds; (iii) fund an initial deposit to the 2021A Surplus Fund; and (iv) pay certain costs in connection with the issuance of the 2021 Bonds. The 2021B Subordinate Bonds were issued in exchange for the purchase and cancellation of a portion of the accreted value of the 2007 Senior Bonds.

2007 Senior Bonds Outstanding

Upon closing on the 2021 Bonds on July 15, 2021, 4,847.51 Bond Units of the 2007 Senior Bonds remained outstanding. At closing, the District deposited to the Bond Redemption Fund an amount sufficient to pay the accreted value as of December 1, 2021, of an additional 1,158.94 Bond Units that were subject to sinking fund redemption from December 1, 2018 through December 1, 2020. As a result, after this payment on December 1, 2021, 3,688.57 Bond Units of the 2007 Senior Bonds were outstanding.

To the extent principal of any 2007 Senior Bond is not paid when due, principal shall remain outstanding until paid. To the extent interest on any 2007 Senior Bond is not paid when due, such unpaid interest shall compound annually on each December 1, at the rate then borne by the 2007 Senior Bond. The 2007 Senior Bonds are not subject to early termination. The 2007 Senior Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit. No assets have been pledged as collateral on the 2007 Senior Bonds. Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the 2007 Senior Required Mill Levy, or to apply the 2007 Senior Pledged Revenues as required by the 2007 Senior Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Senior Indenture.

Parity Lien

The 2021A Senior Bonds have a parity lien on Senior Pledged Revenue with the 2007 Senior Bonds and, if Senior Pledged Revenue is not sufficient to meet annual debt service requirements of the 2021A Senior Bonds and 2007 Senior Bonds, Senior Pledged Revenues will be allocated pro-rata based on the outstanding principal/accreted value of the 2021A Senior Bonds, the 2007 Senior Bonds, and any additional bonds that have a parity lien on Senior Pledged Revenue.

The 2021A Senior Bonds and outstanding 2007 Senior Bonds are collectively referred to herein as the Senior Bonds.

Details of the 2021A Senior Bonds

The 2021A Senior Bonds will bear interest at 4.125% and are payable semiannually, to the extent of available Senior Pledged Revenue, on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2021. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2038. The 2021A Senior Bonds mature on December 1, 2051.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Details of the 2021A Senior Bonds (Continued)

To the extent principal of any 2021A Senior Bond is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid and shall continue to bear interest at the rate borne by the 2021A Senior Bond. To the extent interest on any 2021A Senior Bond is not paid when due, such interest shall compound semiannually on each interest payment date, at the rate then borne by the 2021A Senior Bond.

The 2021A Senior Bonds are not subject to early termination. The 2021A Senior Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit. No assets have been pledged as collateral on the 2021A Senior Bonds. Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the 2021A Senior Bond Required Mill Levy, or to apply the 2021A Senior Bond Pledged Revenues as required by the 2021A Senior Bond Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Senior Indenture.

Senior Bonds Pledged Revenue

The Senior Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of Senior Pledged Revenue which means the moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (a) the Senior Required Mill Levy; (b) the Capital Fees; (c) the Specific Ownership Tax; and (d) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Senior Bond Fund.

Capital Fees means, generally, all fees, rates, tolls, penalties, and charges of a capital nature (excluding periodic, recurring service charges) whether now in effect or imposed by the District in the future, including the Development Fees.

Specific Ownership Tax means the specific ownership taxes collected by the County as a result of imposition of the Senior Required Mill Levy and remitted to the District.

The District has covenanted to impose the Senior Required Mill Levy which is an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount of 50 mills, subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation after April 27, 2004.

Additional Security for the 2021A Senior Bonds

The 2021A Senior Bonds are additionally secured by amounts, if any, in the 2021A Surplus Fund. The 2021A Surplus Fund will initially be funded from proceeds of the 2021A Senior Bonds in the amount of the 2021A Maximum Surplus Amount of \$500,000. Thereafter, subject to the receipt of sufficient Senior Pledged Revenue, the 2021A Surplus Fund will be funded up to the 2021A Maximum Surplus Amount. Amounts on deposit in the 2021A Surplus Fund (if any) on the final maturity date of the 2021A Senior Bonds are to be applied to the payment of the 2021A Senior Bonds. The balance in the 2021A Surplus Fund as of December 31, 2022, is \$500,000.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Additional Security for the 2007 Senior Bonds

The 2007 Senior Bonds are additionally secured by amounts, if any, in the 2007 Surplus Fund. Subject to the receipt of sufficient Senior Pledged Revenue, the 2007 Surplus Fund is to be funded up to the 2007 Maximum Surplus Amount of \$500,000; provided, however, such amount may be reduced when any 2007 Senior Bonds are purchased and cancelled by the District by an amount equal to: \$500,000 multiplied by (i) the number of 2007 Senior Bond Units (as defined in the 2007 Indenture) being purchased and cancelled by the District, divided by (ii) the number of 2007 Senior Bond Units outstanding prior to such purchase and cancellation. Before the closing date of the 2021 Bonds, 35,841.68 Bond Units of the 2007 Bonds were outstanding. After the purchase/exchange and cancellation of 30,994.17 Bonds Units on the closing date of the 2021 Bonds, 4,847.51 Bond Units were outstanding resulting in a new Maximum Surplus Amount of \$67,624. As mentioned above, the Maximum Surplus Amount will continue to decrease as Senior Bond Units are purchased and cancelled. The balance in the 2007 Surplus Fund as of December 31, 2022, is \$62,538.

Optional Redemption of the 2021 Bonds

The 2021A Senior Bonds and 2021B Subordinate Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District on December 1, 2029 and on any date thereafter, upon payment of the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, together with a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium					
December 1, 2029, to November 30, 2030 December 1, 2030, to November 30, 2031 December 1, 2031, and thereafter	2.00% 1.00 0.00					

The Districts long-term obligations relating to the 2021A Senior Bonds will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	\$ 1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356
2024	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2025	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2026	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2027-2031	-	6,031,780	6,031,780
2032-2036	-	6,031,780	6,031,780
2037-2041	4,775,000	5,787,375	10,562,375
2042-2046	9,750,000	4,308,357	14,058,357
2047-2051	14,720,000	1,948,239	16,668,239
Total	\$ 29,245,000	\$ 28,932,955	\$ 58,177,955

Because of the uncertainty of the timing of the principal and interest on the Series 2021B Subordinate Bonds, no schedule of principal and interest is presented.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Details of the 2021B Subordinate Bonds

The 2021B Subordinate Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.700% per annum and are subject to mandatory redemption annually on December 1, beginning December 1, 2021 from, and to the extent of, available Subordinate Pledged Revenue, if any, and mature on December 1, 2051. The 2021B Subordinate Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest due prior to the final maturity date. Unpaid interest will accrue and compound annually on each December 1 until sufficient Subordinate Pledged Revenue is available for payment.

After the application on December 1, 2061, of all available Subordinate Pledged Revenue to the repayment of the 2021B Subordinate Bonds, all of the 2021B Subordinate Bonds and interest thereon are to be deemed to be discharged on December 2, 2061, regardless of the amount of principal and interest paid prior to that date.

The 2021B Subordinate Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit. No assets have been pledged as collateral on the 2021B Subordinate Bonds. Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the 2021B Subordinate Required Mill Levy, or to apply the 2021B Subordinate Bond Pledged Revenues as required by the 2021B Subordinate Bond Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Senior Indenture.

2021B Subordinate Bonds Pledged Revenue

The 2021B Subordinate Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of Subordinate Pledged Revenue which means the moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (a) the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (b) the Subordinate Capital Fee Revenue, if any; (c) the Subordinate Specific Ownership Tax; and (d) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Subordinate Bond Fund.

Subordinate Capital Fee Revenue means the revenue, if any, derived from the imposition of Capital Fees which remains after deduction of all amounts applied to the payment of the 2007 Senior Bonds, the 2021A Senior Bonds, and any other outstanding Parity Bonds.

Subordinate Specific Ownership Tax means the revenue, if any, derived from the Specific Ownership Tax which remains after deduction of all amounts applied to the payment of the 2007 Senior Bonds, the 2021A Senior Bonds, and any other outstanding Parity Bonds.

The District is required to impose a Subordinate Required Mill Levy in the amount of 50 mills, subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation after April 27, 2004, less the amount of the Senior Bond Mill Levy, or such lesser mill levy which will pay all of the principal of and interest on the 2021B Subordinate Bonds in full. Senior Bond Mill Levy means the mill levy required to be imposed for the payment of the 2007 Senior Bonds and the 2021A Senior Bonds, and any other mill levy required to be imposed for payment of other Senior Bonds outstanding.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Debt Authorization

On May 4, 2004, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$60,000,000 for general obligation bonds at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum. In addition, the electors authorized the refunding of up to \$60,000,000 in general obligation bonds at a higher interest rate. As of December 31, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued general obligation indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

		Amount	Amount Used	
	Amount	Used	Series 2021	Remaining
	Authorized	Series 2007	Bonds	Authorization
Streets	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 14,327,855	\$ -	\$ 15,672,145
Water	10,000,000	1,314,297	-	8,685,703
Sewer	10,000,000	6,923,699	-	3,076,301
Parks and Recreation	5,000,000	1,033,724	-	3,966,276
Mosquito Control	1,000,000	388,392	-	611,608
TV Relay	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Transportation	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Traffic and Safety	2,000,000	251,915	-	1,748,085
Refunding	60,000,000	<u>-</u> _	35,884,720	24,115,280
Total	\$ 120,000,000	\$ 24,239,882	\$ 35,884,720	\$ 59,875,398

Pursuant to the Service Plan, any additional debt issued by the District will require prior approval by the Town. Maximum debt service mill levy per the Service Plan is 50.000 mills, as adjusted for changes in the ratio of actual value to assessed value of property within the District. As of December 31, 2022, the maximum debt service mill levy per the Service Plan, as adjusted, is 57.095 mills.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:

Emergency Reserves	Ψ	19,500
Debt Service		629,254
Total Restricted Net Position	_\$	648,754

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is the result of the District being responsible for the financing and repayment of bonds issued and for the repayment of Developer advances received for the construction of public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is M.D.C. Land Corporation. As of December 31, 2022 three members of the Board of Directors are residents of the Districts, and two members are current employees, owners or otherwise associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 8 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

Fire Protection and Emergency Response Intergovernmental Agreement

The District entered into a Fire Protection and Emergency Response IGA with the Town of Castle Rock in 2007. Under the agreement, the Town is obligated to provide fire protection and emergency response services to property within the District and the District shall impose a mill levy of 10 mills dedicated and pledged to the Town for this purpose. In 2022, the amount collected under this agreement totaled \$425,712 and was remitted on March 7, 2023.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On May 4, 2004, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend \$4,000,000 annually of ad valorem taxes of the District for operations and maintenance without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

						ance with al Budget
	Budget A	Amo	unts	Actual		ositive
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Ne	egative)
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 2,405,780	\$	2,405,780	\$ 2,405,782	\$	2
Specific Ownership Tax	244,326		266,121	270,074		3,953
Investment Income	115		224	4,536		4,312
System Development Fees	52,000		-	 		_
Total Revenues	2,702,221		2,672,125	2,680,392		8,267
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service:						
County Treasurer's Fees	36,087		36,087	36,098		(11)
Paying Agent Fees	5,303		5,303	5,302		1
Bond Interest - Series 2007	478,573		478,573	478,567		6
Bond Interest - Series 2021A	1,206,356		1,206,356	1,206,356		-
Bond Interest - Series 2021B	899,373		987,455	969,088		18,367
Contingency	 15,308		39,774			39,774
Total Expenditures	2,641,000		2,753,548	2,695,411		58,137
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	61,221		(81,423)	(15,019)		66,404
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	562,624		644,273	 644,273		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 623,845	\$	562,850	\$ 629,254	\$	66,404

OTHER INFORMATION

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Prior						
	Υe	ear Assessed						
		Valuation	T (1860					
		for Current	Total Mills	Levied				Percent
Year Ended	Υ	ear Property	General	Debt	Refunds and	Total Prop	erty Taxes	Collected
December 31,		Tax Levy	Operations	Service	Abatements	Levied	Collected	to Levied
2017	\$	17,384,190	20.000	50.000	3.603	\$ 1,279,529	\$ 1,279,530	100.00 %
2018		25,734,990	21.055	55.277	0.000	1,964,403	1,964,406	100.00
2019		27,160,180	21.055	55.277	0.000	2,073,191	2,073,191	100.00
2020		34,578,230	21.132	55.664	0.000	2,655,470	2,654,974	99.98
2021		38,477,700	21.132	55.664	0.000	2,954,934	2,954,974	100.00
2022		43,219,670	15.000	55.664	0.000	3,054,075	3,054,078	100.00
Estimated for								
Year Ending								
December 31,								
2023	\$	43,831,150	15.000	57.095	0.000	\$ 3,160,008		

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of a specific year of levy. Disclosure of items less than 95.00% are included.

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

\$29,245,000 Series 2021A Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds Interest Rate: 4.125% Series 2021A Interest Payable June 1 and December 1

Principal Due December 1

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	\$ 1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356
2024	_	1,206,356	1,206,356
2025	_	1,206,356	1,206,356
2026	_	1,206,356	1,206,356
2027	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2028	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2029	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2030	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2031	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2032	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2033	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2034	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2035	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2036	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2037	-	1,206,356	1,206,356
2038	700,000	1,206,356	1,906,356
2039	1,210,000	1,177,481	2,387,481
2040	1,405,000	1,127,569	2,532,569
2041	1,460,000	1,069,613	2,529,613
2042	1,670,000	1,009,388	2,679,388
2043	1,740,000	940,500	2,680,500
2044	1,975,000	868,725	2,843,725
2045	2,055,000	787,256	2,842,256
2046	2,310,000	702,488	3,012,488
2047	2,405,000	607,200	3,012,200
2048	2,685,000	507,994	3,192,994
2049	2,795,000	397,238	3,192,238
2050	3,105,000	281,944	3,386,944
2051	3,730,000	153,863	3,883,863
Total	\$ 29,245,000	\$ 28,932,955	\$ 58,177,955

ANNUAL DISCLOSURE

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 ANNUAL DISCLOSURE ASSESSED VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN THE DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Percentage of			
	To	tal Assessed	Total Assessed			Percentage of
Property Class		Valuation	Valuation	A	ctual Valuation	Actual Valuation
Residential	\$	42,801,900	97.65 %	\$	615,853,473	99.43 %
Vacant		857,950	1.96		2,958,459	0.48
Personal Property		170,260	0.39		587,198	0.09
Agricultural		1,040	0.00		3,939	0.00
Total	\$	43,831,150	100.00 %	\$	619,403,069	100.00 %

EXHIBIT B

2023 Budget for the District

VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 ANNUAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2023

VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 SUMMARY

2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	<i>A</i>	ACTUAL 2021	E	STIMATED 2022		BUDGET 2023
	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	\$	375,028	\$	707,173	\$	729,502
REVENUES						
Property Taxes		2,570,159		2,621,878		2,721,696
Specific Ownership Taxes		284,969		266,121		284,401
Interest Income		794		324		700
Revenue - Fire Protection IGA		384,777		432,197		438,312
Bond proceeds - 2021A	2	9,245,000		-		-
Bond proceeds - 2021B	2	7,709,000		-		-
System Development Fees		52,000		-		-
Total revenues	6	0,246,699		3,320,520		3,445,109
TRANSFERS IN		533,857		-		
Total funds available	6	1,155,584		4,027,693		4,174,610
EXPENDITURES						
General Fund		528,988		544,643		639,908
Debt Service Fund	5	9,385,566		2,753,548		2,787,000
Total expenditures	5	9,914,554		3,298,191		3,426,908
TRANSFERS OUT		533,857		-		
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation	6	0,448,411		3,298,191		3,426,908
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$	707,173	\$	729,502	\$	747,702
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$	24,400	\$	19,500	\$	19,800
AVAILABLE FOR OPERATIONS	φ	38,500	φ	147,152	φ	164,512
2021 SURPLUS FUND		-		500,000		500,000
2007 SURPLUS FUND		_		62,624		62,624
TOTAL RESERVE	\$	62,900	\$	729,276	\$	746,936
	_	•	_	· · ·	÷	

VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 PROPERTY TAX SUMMARY INFORMATION 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

		ACTUAL 2021		ESTIMATED 2022		BUDGET 2023
	<u> </u>					
ASSESSED VALUATION	ф	05 574 400	Φ	44 000 000	Φ	40.004.000
Residential	\$	35,574,120 267,400	\$	41,699,090 188,900	\$	42,801,900 170,260
Personal property Agricultural		267,400 1,540		1,520		1,040
Vacant land		2,634,640		1,330,160		857,950
Exempt		521,290		284,690		284,690
•		38,998,990		43,504,360		44,115,840
Adjustments		(521,290)		(284,690)		(284,690)
Certified Assessed Value	\$	38,477,700	\$	43,219,670	\$	43,831,150
MILL LEVY		44 400		5.000		5 000
General Debt Service		11.132 55.664		5.000 55.664		5.000 57.095
Fire Protection IGA		10.000		10.000		10.000
Total mill levy		76.796		70.664		72.095
PROPERTY TAXES						
General	\$	428,334	\$	216,098	\$	219,156
Debt Service		2,141,823		2,405,780		2,502,540
Fire Protection IGA		384,777		432,197		438,312
Levied property taxes		2,954,934		3,054,075		3,160,008
Adjustments to actual/rounding		2		-		-
Budgeted property taxes	\$	2,954,936	\$	3,054,075	\$	3,160,008
BUDGETED PROPERTY TAXES						
General	\$	428,334	\$	216,098	\$	219,156
Debt Service		2,141,825		2,405,780		2,502,540
Fire Protection IGA	_	384,777		432,197		438,312
	\$	2,954,936	\$	3,054,075	\$	3,160,008

VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. € GENERAL FUND 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	Å	ACTUAL 2021	ES	TIMATED 2022	В	UDGET 2023
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	312,431	\$	62,900	\$	166,652
REVENUES						
106320 Property taxes		428,334		216,098		219,156
106360 Interest income		203		100		100
106800 Revenue - Fire Protection IGA		384,777		432,197		438,312
Total revenues		813,314		648,395		657,568
Total funds available		1,125,745		711,295		824,220
EXPENDITURES						
General and administrative						
107000 Accounting		32,682		36,000		41,400
107020 Auditing		4,900		4,900		5,500
107200 County Treasurer's Fee		12,200		9,724		9,862
107360 Insurance		9,684		9,978		10,200
107440 District Management		31,401		20,000		28,000
107460 Legal		37,252		17,000		28,000
107480 Miscellaneous		2,978		3,500		3,500
107581 Election		-		1,418		10,000
107890 Contingency Operations and maintenance		-		10,000		11,709
107800 Expense - Pond Maintenance		18,887		6,409		60,000
107801 Expense - Fire Protection IGA		379,004		425,714		431,737
Total expenditures		528,988		544,643		639,908
TRANSFERS OUT						_
107900 Transfers to other fund		533,857				
107900 Transiers to other fund		555,657				
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		1,062,845		544,643		639,908
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	62,900	\$	166,652	\$	184,312
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$	24,400	\$	19,500	\$	19,800
AVAILABLE FOR OPERATIONS	•	38,500	•	147,152	•	164,512
TOTAL RESERVE	\$	62,900	\$	166,652	\$	184,312

VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 DEBT SERVICE FUND 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	BUDGET
	2021	2022	2023
		* 044.070	4 500.050
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ 62,597	\$ 644,273	\$ 562,850
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	2,141,825	2,405,780	2,502,540
Specific Ownership Taxes	284,969	266,121	284,401
Bond proceeds - 2021A	29,245,000	-	-
Bond proceeds - 2021B	27,709,000	-	-
System Development Fees	52,000	-	-
Interest Income	591	224	600
Total revenues	59,433,385	2,672,125	2,787,541
TRANSFERS IN			
Transfers from other funds	533,857	-	
Total funds available	60,029,839	3,316,398	3,350,390
EXPENDITURES			
General and administrative			
County Treasurer's Fee	32,135	36,087	37,538
Contingency	-	39,774	38,682
Paying agent fees	2,303	5,303	5,303
Debt Service			
Bond Interest - 2007	460,862	478,573	478,215
Bond Principal Series 2007	26,426,062	-	-
Bond Principal Series 2007 Sub Bonds	2,000,000	-	-
Bond interest - 2021A	455,735	1,206,356	1,206,356
Bond interest - 2021B	402,140	987,455	1,020,906
Original Issue Discount	584,900	-	-
2007 Bond Exchange	27,709,000	-	-
Bond Issue Costs	1,312,429	-	_
Total expenditures	59,385,566	2,753,548	2,787,000
Total expenditures and transfers out			
requiring appropriation	59,385,566	2,753,548	2,787,000
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 644,273	\$ 562,850	\$ 563,390
2021 SURPLUS FUND	\$ -	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
2007 SURPLUS FUND	-	62,624	62,624
TOTAL RESERVE	\$ -	\$ 562,624	\$ 562,624

VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 2023 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Services Provided

The Villages at Castle Rock Metropolitan District No. 6, a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by Ordinance of the Town of Castle Rock on August 15, 1984. The District was established to provide construction, installation, financing and operation of public improvements, including water, sanitary, storm sewer, streets, park and recreation facilities, safety, transportation, television relay, fire protection, and mosquito control primarily for single family residential development within the District. The District's service area is located entirely within the Town of Castle Rock, Douglas County, Colorado.

On May 4, 2004, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$60,000,000 for general obligation bonds at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum. In addition, the electors authorized the refunding of up to \$60,000,000 in general obligation bonds at a higher interest rate.

The District has no employees and all administrative functions are contracted.

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the requirements of Colorado Revised Statutes C.R.S. 29-1-105 using its best estimates as of the date of the budget hearing. These estimates are based on expected conditions and its expected course of actions. The assumptions disclosed herein are those that the District believes are significant to the budget. There will usually be differences between the budget and actual results, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material.

Revenues

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

The District's maximum Required Mill Levy is 50.000 mills for the Debt Service Fund, adjusted for changes in the ratio of actual value to assessed value of property within the District. Required Mill Levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to pay the principal, premium if any, and interest on the Bonds as the same become due and payable. As of December 31, 2022, the adjusted maximum mill levy for debt service is 57.095 mills.

The Second Amended and Restated Service Plan states that in addition to the mill levy for payment of debt service and for operations and maintenance, which is 10.000 mills, the District has a mill levy of 10.000 mills, which is pledged to the Town pursuant to the Fire Protection and Emergency Response IGA.

VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 2023 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Revenues - (continued)

Property Taxes (Continued)

The calculation of the taxes levied is displayed on the Property Tax Summary page of the budget using the adopted mill levy imposed by the District.

Senate Bill 21-293 among other things, designates multi-family residential real property (defined generally, as property that is a multi-structure of four or more units) as a new subclass of residential real property. For tax collection year 2023, the assessment rate for single family residential property decreases to 6.95% from 7.15%. The rate for multifamily residential property, the newly created subclass, decreases to 6.80% from 7.15%. Agricultural and renewable energy production property decreases to 26.4% from 29.0%. Producing oil and gas remains at 87.5%. All other nonresidential property stays at 29%. Accordingly, the maximum mill levy has been adjusted upward to reflect the change assessed value calculation. The maximum debt service mill levy increased to 57.095 from 50.000 mills and the maximum general fund mill levy increased to 11.419 from 10.000 mills.

Specific Ownership Taxes

Specific ownership taxes are set by the State and collected by the County Treasurer, primarily on vehicle licensing within the County as a whole. The specific ownership taxes are allocated by the County Treasurer to all taxing entities within the County. The forecast assumes that the District's share will be equal to approximately 9% of the property taxes collected by the District. The budget assumes that all of the specific ownership taxes will be pledged to debt service on the bonds during the term the bonds are outstanding.

Net Investment Income

Interest earned on the District's available funds has been estimated based on historical data.

Expenditures

Administrative and Operating Expenditures

Administrative and operating expenditures have been provided based on estimates of the District's Board of Directors and consultants and include the services necessary to maintain the District's administrative viability such as legal, accounting, management, insurance, meeting expense, and other administrative expenses. Estimated expenditures related to detention pond maintenance are also included in the General Fund budget.

County Treasurer's Fees

County Treasurer's fees have been computed at 1.5% of property tax collections.

Debt Service

Principal and interest payments are provided based on the debt amortization schedule from the Series 2007 Bonds and Series 2021A Bonds (discussed under Debt and Leases). As the exact timing and amount of 2021B payments is unknown, a debt service schedule isn't presented.

VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 2023 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Debt and Leases

The District issued the 2021A Senior Bonds and the 2021B Subordinate Bonds on July 15, 2021 (the "Closing Date"), in the respective par amounts of \$29,245,000 and \$27,709,000. Net proceeds from the sale of the 2021A Senior Bonds will be used to: (i) purchase and cancel a portion of the accreted value of the District's currently outstanding 2007 Senior Bonds; (ii) refund the 2007 Subordinate Obligations; (iii) fund an initial deposit to the 2021A Surplus Fund; and, (iv) pay certain costs in connection with the issuance of the 2021A Senior Bonds and 2021B Subordinate Bonds. The 2021B Subordinate Bonds will be issued in exchange for the purchase and cancellation of a portion of the accreted value of the 2007 Senior Bonds.

The 2021A Senior Bonds will bear interest at 4.125% and are payable semiannually, to the extent of available Senior Pledged Revenue, on June 1 and December 1 (each an "Interest Payment Date"), beginning on December 1, 2021. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2038. The 2021A Senior Bonds mature on December 1, 2051.

The 2021B Subordinate Bonds will bear interest at the rate of 5.700% per annum and are subject to mandatory redemption annually on December 1, beginning December 1, 2021 from, and to the extent of, available Subordinate Pledged Revenue, if any, and mature on December 1, 2051. The 2021B Subordinate Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest due prior to the final maturity date. Unpaid interest will accrue and compound annually on each December 1 until sufficient Subordinate Pledged Revenue is available for payment.

The 2007 Senior Bonds were issued in the original principal amount of \$22,647,881.60 and were comprised of 50,917 Bond Units with: 1) 16,786 Bond Units maturing on December 1, 2017 and subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, to the extent of available funds, from December 1, 2010 through December 1, 2017 ("Bond No. 1"); and, 2) 34,131 Bond Units maturing on December 1, 2037 and subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, to the extent of available funds, from December 1, 2018 through December 1, 2037 ("Bond No. 2"). Following the 2021 refunding, 4,847.51 Bond Units of Bond No. 2 remain outstanding on the Closing Date. 1, 2020.

The District has no operating or capital leases.

Reserves

Emergency Reserve

The District has provided for an Emergency Reserve fund equal to at least 3% of fiscal year spending, as defined under TABOR.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying budget.

THE VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

\$29,245,000 Series 2021A
Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds
Interest Rate: 4.125%
Series 2021A
Interest Payable June 1 and December 1

- 1	Principal Due December	

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		 Total	
2023	\$	-	\$	1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2024		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2025		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2026		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2027		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2028		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2029		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2030		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2031		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2032		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2033		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2034		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2035		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2036		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2037		-		1,206,356	\$ 1,206,356	
2038		700,000		1,206,356	\$ 1,906,356	
2039		1,210,000		1,177,481	\$ 2,387,481	
2040		1,405,000		1,127,569	\$ 2,532,569	
2041		1,460,000		1,069,613	\$ 2,529,613	
2042		1,670,000		1,009,388	\$ 2,679,388	
2043		1,740,000		940,500	\$ 2,680,500	
2044		1,975,000		868,725	\$ 2,843,725	
2045		2,055,000		787,256	\$ 2,842,256	
2046		2,310,000		702,488	\$ 3,012,488	
2047		2,405,000		607,200	\$ 3,012,200	
2048		2,685,000		507,994	\$ 3,192,994	
2049		2,795,000		397,238	\$ 3,192,238	
2050		3,105,000		281,944	\$ 3,386,944	
2051		3,730,000		153,863	\$ 3,883,863	
	\$	29,245,000	\$	28,932,956	\$ 58,177,956	

EXHIBIT C

CONTACT INFORMATION VILLAGES AT CASTLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6

As of $08/17/20\overline{23}$

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District Manager/Secretary:

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